

Answer Key

The load-bearing idea is EQUAL parts (page 2) — if she wobbles later, come back there. At snack time, cut something real into halves and quarters and have her name the fractions; the kitchen is the best worksheet.

2 • Fair Shares

- Ex 1 (a–e): FAIR, UNFAIR, FAIR, UNFAIR, UNFAIR
- Ex 2: any straight cut through the bar's middle (and through the pie's center) making two equal parts

3 • The Half

- Ex 1: circle a, b, and c. NOT d (one of THREE parts = $\frac{1}{3}$) and NOT e (the parts aren't equal — Sam's cut!)
- Ex 2: shade either part of each, and write $\frac{1}{2}$ in each box (1 on top, 2 on the bottom)
- Ex 3: NO — the parts aren't equal, so the big piece is not a half (rule from page 2!)

4 • Quarters & Thirds

- Ex 1 (left to right): $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$
- Ex 2: shade any ONE part of each

5 • Counting Pieces

- Ex 1 (left to right): $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$
- Ex 2: shade any 2 of 3 · any 3 of 4 · any 4 of 6
- Ex 3: shaded $\frac{3}{4}$ · NOT shaded $\frac{1}{4}$ (together they make the whole bar!)

6 • Fraction of a Set

- Ex 1: $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 cupcakes
- Ex 2: $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 = 2 · $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 = 2
- Ex 3: 4 muffins ($\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 — deal the printed muffins into 2 equal groups)
- Ex 4: the cat is wrong — $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 is 3. The bottom number says make 2 equal groups; the top number says take 1 of those GROUPS, not 1 cupcake

7 • The Skinny-Slice Trap

- Ex 1a: LEFT ($\frac{1}{2}$ vs $\frac{1}{4}$)
- Ex 1b: LEFT ($\frac{3}{4}$ vs $\frac{1}{4}$)
- Ex 1c: RIGHT ($\frac{1}{3}$ vs $\frac{1}{2}$)
- Ex 2: KEEP ($\frac{1}{2}$ beats $\frac{1}{3}$) · TRADE! ($\frac{3}{4}$ beats $\frac{1}{4}$ — same-size pieces, he's offering more) · KEEP ($\frac{1}{3}$ beats $\frac{1}{4}$)
- Ex 3: Penelope — half a pizza beats a quarter of the SAME pizza, no matter how fancy the quarter sounds

8 • Making the Whole

- Ex 1: 2 halves · 4 quarters · 3 thirds
- Ex 2: shade the other 2 parts; the shaded fraction is now $\frac{3}{3}$ = the whole pie
- Ex 3: 4 quarters make the whole chocolate bar — $\frac{4}{4}$ = 1 whole

9 • The Bakery Rush

- Ex 1: A-order 2 ($\frac{1}{2}$), B-order 1 ($\frac{3}{4}$), C-order 5 ($\frac{2}{3}$), D-order 3 ($\frac{1}{6}$). Order 4 ($\frac{1}{4}$) is Sam's FAKE ticket — it matches no treat; it's bait for miscounting B or D
- Ex 2: NO — $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ cover exactly the same amount of pizza
- Ex 3: $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 = 2 cupcakes (look for her drawn box of 8 dealt into 4 groups)